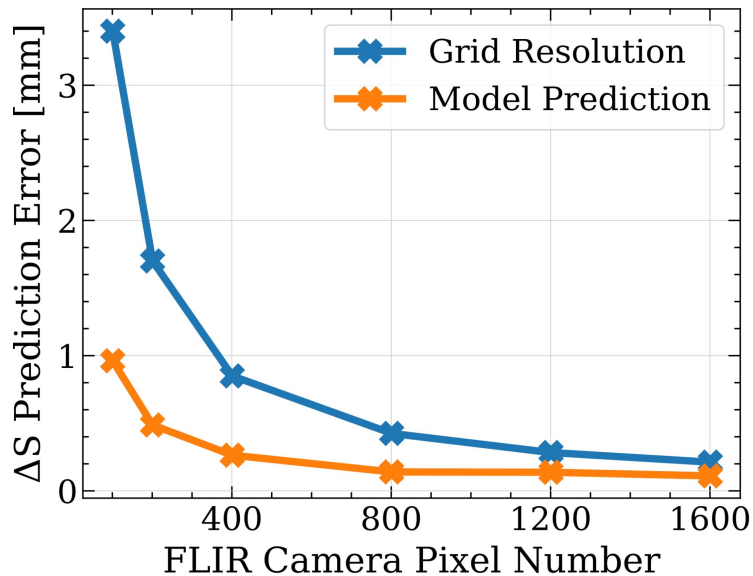
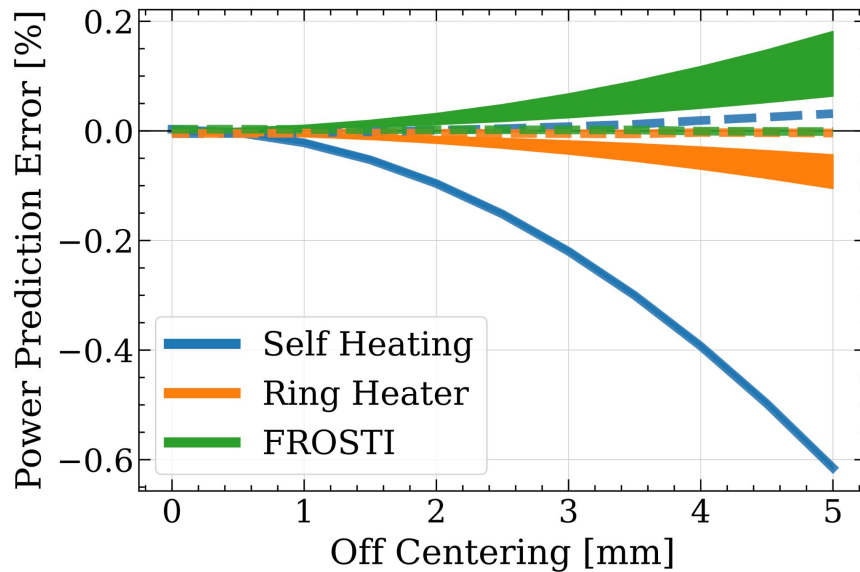


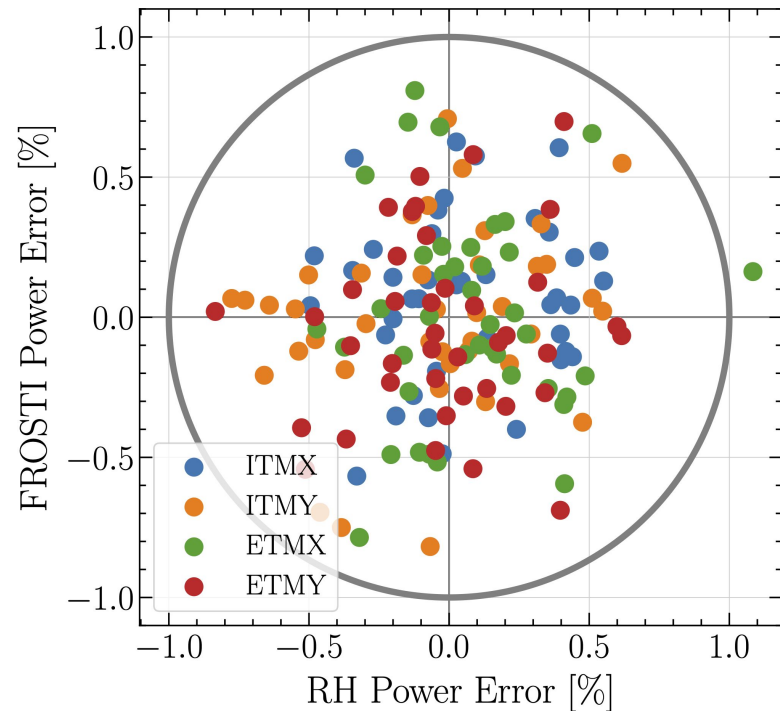
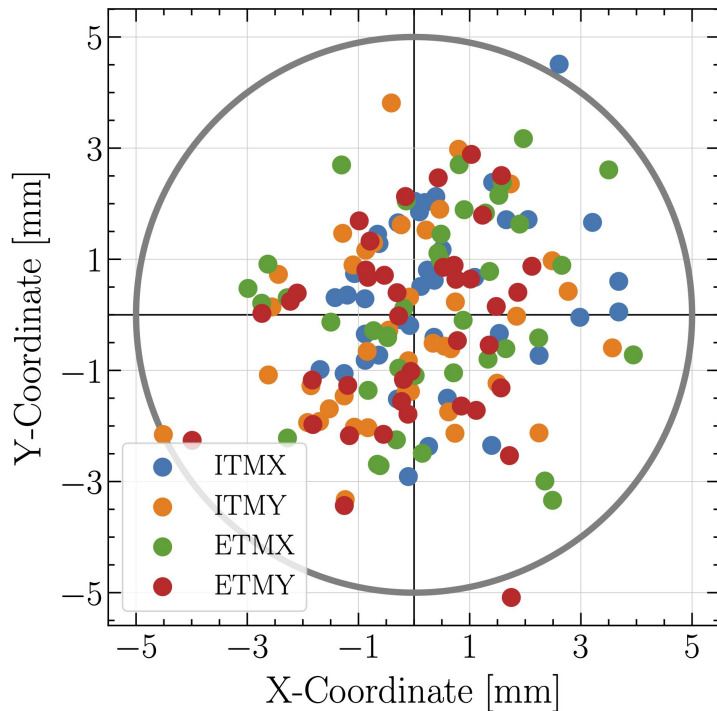
Improved Uncertainties with FLIR Correction



Beam position prediction
limited by the resolution:
 $0.17 \times 2 / 600 \approx 0.5 \text{ mm}$

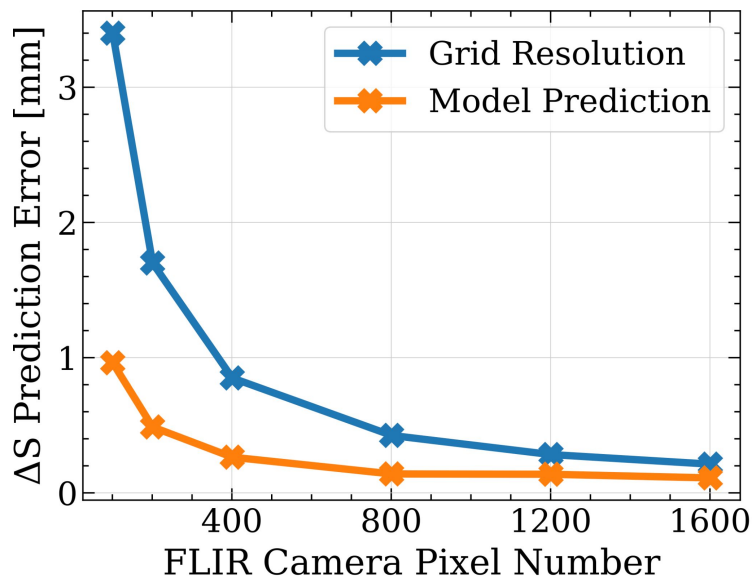


Thermal source absorbed
power prediction better
than at least 0.1%



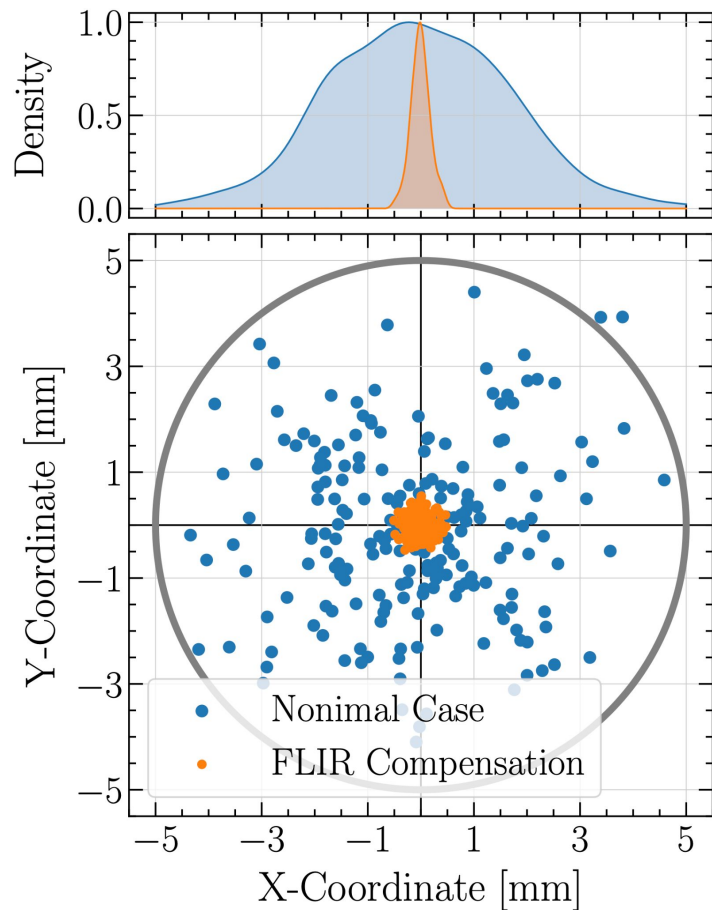
Monte-Carlo simulation with randomly miscentered beam positions on the test masses (Left, with $3\sigma = 5$ mm), and RH/FROSTI power uncertainties (Right, with $3\sigma = 1\%$)

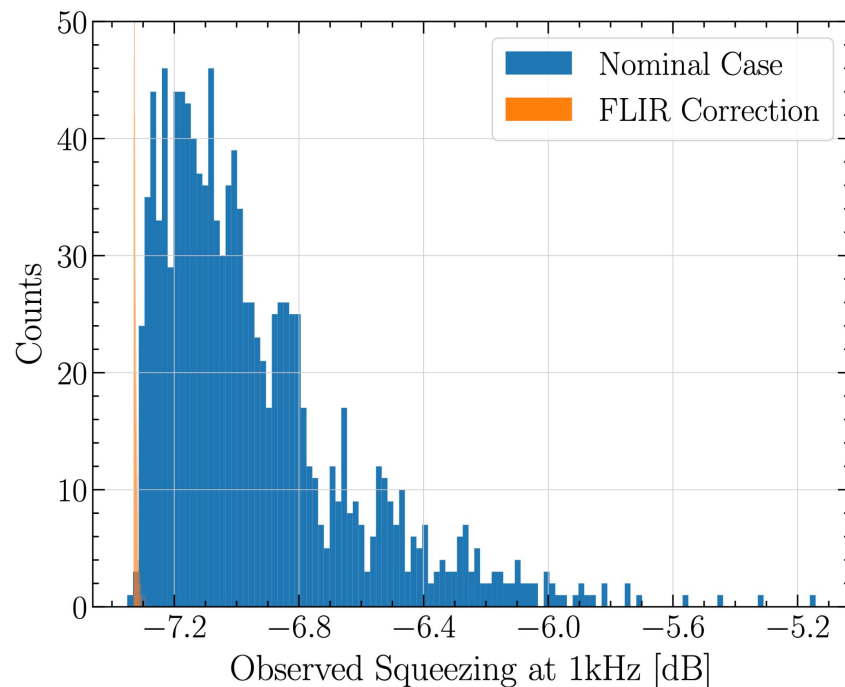
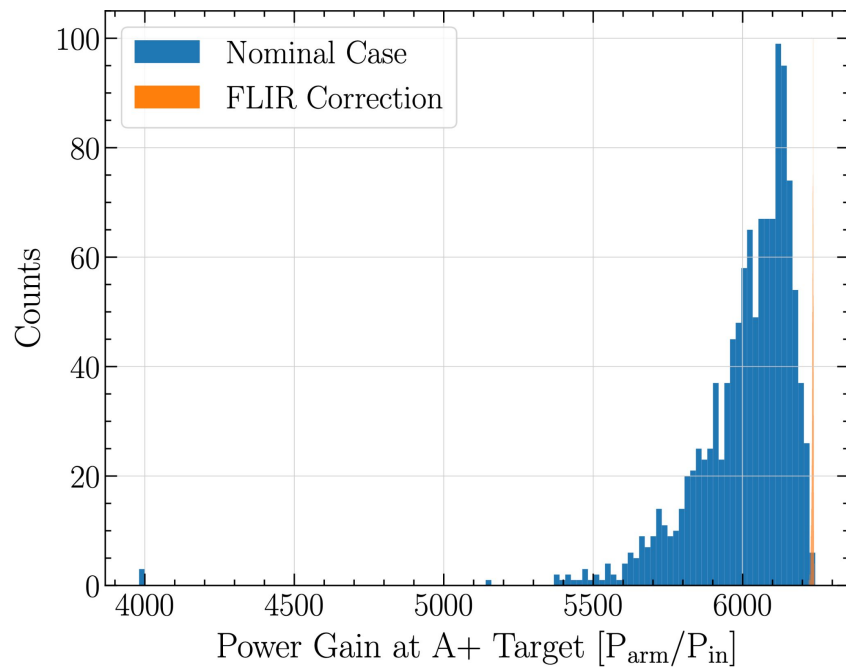
In total, $(2+2)*4 = 16$ dimensional parameter space



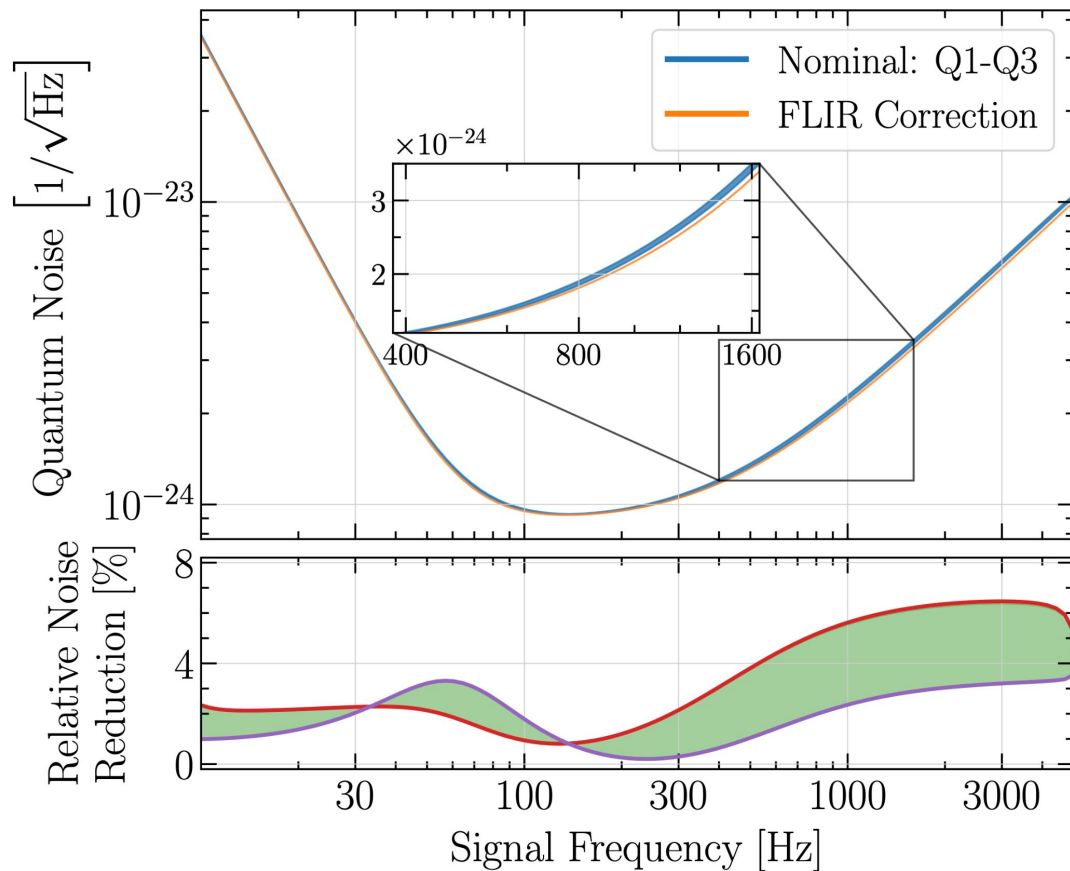
Beam position prediction
limited by the resolution:

$$0.17 \cdot 2 / 600 \approx 0.5 \text{ mm}$$





Monte-Carlo simulation (1200 trials) and results in Power Gain (Left) and the observed squeezing (Right) for the nominal case (5mm and 1%) and the FLIR correction case (0.5 mm and 0.1 %)



Comparison of the
the 25th and 75th
percentiles (Q1-Q3)
from the nominal
case and the FLIR
correction case

Quantum noise
improvement of
3%-6%